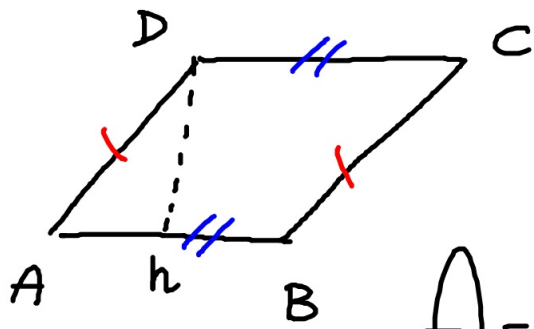


L'AREA DEL PARALLELOGRAMMA



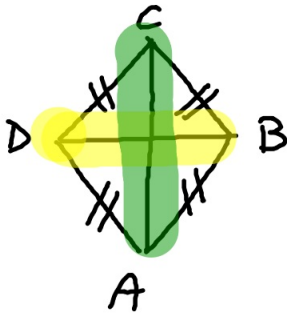
$$P = (AB \cdot 2) + ((BC \cdot 2))$$

$$A = b \cdot h$$

$$b = \frac{A}{h}$$

$$h = \frac{A}{b}$$

L'AREA DEL ROMBO



DB = diagonale minore (d)

CA = diagonale maggiore (D)

$$P = l \cdot 4$$

$$A = \frac{(d \cdot D)}{2}$$

$$d = \frac{A \cdot 2}{D}$$

$$D = \frac{A \cdot 2}{d}$$